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SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS  
SPECIFICATION  
SRS 1-90  
VOLUME II  
1 DECEMBER 1990

JOINT DATA SYSTEMS  
SUPPORT CENTER

**SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS SPECIFICATION  
FOR THE MAPPING AND GRAPHIC  
INFORMATION CAPABILITY (MAGIC)  
VOLUME II - DATA MANAGEMENT CSCI**

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JOINT DATA SYSTEMS SUPPORT CENTER

Software Requirements Specification SRS 1-90

1 December 1990

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS SPECIFICATION

FOR THE

MAPPING AND GRAPHIC INFORMATION CAPABILITY (MAGIC)

VOLUME II - DATA MANAGEMENT CSCI

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#### ACKNOWLEDGMENT

This Software Requirements Specification was prepared under the general direction of the Chief, Information Systems Branch (JNGG); Chief, General Applications Division (JNG); and the Deputy Director, NMCS ADP Directorate (JN).



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## ABSTRACT

This Software Requirements Specification (SRS) specifies the engineering and qualification requirements for the Data Management CSCI of the Mapping and Graphic Information Capability (MAGIC). Furthermore, this specification will be used as the basis for the design and formal testing of that CSCI.

The SRS is divided into three major sections. These sections cover Engineering Requirements (Section 3), Qualification Requirements (Section 4), and Preparation for Delivery (Section 5).

This specification supersedes both the Rational-generated Software Requirements Specification (configuration identifier 8734/89-SRS-DM-003) and the Interface Requirements Specification (configuration identifier 8734/89-IRS-GIPSY-003) for the Data Management CSCI that were delivered under Contract Number DCA100-89-C-0015 and dated 13 September 1989.

## SECTION 1. SCOPE

This section provides an introduction to the specification. The following paragraphs discuss the identification of the Computer Software Configuration Item (CSCI), provide an overview of the CSCI, and provide a document overview.

### 1.1 Identification

This Software Requirements Specification (SRS) establishes the engineering and qualification requirements for the Data Management CSCI (CSCI-2).

### 1.2 CSCI Overview

The Data Management CSCI enables the user to access data from user databases located on either the WWMCCS host or the WWMCCS Workstation (WWS). The WWS databases may be Oracle relational database tables to which the user has access or flat American Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII) files. Data in the databases is selected by a user according to a qualification criterion; the resulting data subset can then be manipulated and presented as user-formatted reports, statistical graphs, and geographic displays.

### 1.3 Document Overview

This SRS specifies the requirements allocated to the Data Management CSCI and enables the Government to assess whether or not the completed CSCI complies with those requirements. Upon Government approval and authentication, the SRS becomes the Allocated Baseline for the CSCI and is used by the contractor as the basis for development and formal testing of the CSCI.

As such, this SRS specifies the complete list of requirements (functional, interface, performance, qualification, etc.) for the Data Management CSCI. It includes requirements for programming design, adaptation, quality factors, and traceability of the CSCI, as well as delivery preparation and ancillary notes, such as references and terms and abbreviations.

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## SECTION 2. APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

This section specifies the applicable reference documents that have been used during the preparation of this specification.

### 2.1 Government Documents

The following documents of the exact issue shown form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. In the event of conflict between the documents referenced herein and this specification, this specification shall be considered a superseding requirement.

#### SPECIFICATIONS:

DI-MCCR-80025A	Software Requirements Specifications Data Item Description (DID)
SDP 2-90	Software Developmcnt Plan (SDP) for the Mapping and Graphic Information Capability System (MAGIC)
<reference>	Functional Description for the Graphic Information Presentation System (GIPSY)
<reference>	Software Quality Program Plan for the Mapping and Graphic Information Capability System (MAGIC)

#### STANDARDS:

DOD-STD-2167A	Defense System Software Development
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#### DRAWINGS:

None

#### OTHER PUBLICATIONS:

PM 1-90	Documentation Standards and Publications Style Manual
TM 405-90	Software Standards and Procedures Manual for the JNGG Graphics Program

Copies of the specifications, standards, drawings, and publications required by suppliers in connection with specified procurement functions should be obtained from the contracting agency or as directed by the contracting officer.

### 2.2 Non-Government Documents

The following documents of the exact issue shown form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. In the event of conflict

between the documents referenced herein and this specification, this specification shall be considered a superseding requirement.

SPECIFICATIONS:

None

STANDARDS:

ANSI X3.159-1989 Programming Language C

DRAWINGS:

None

OTHER PUBLICATIONS:

<reference>	Oracle Database Administrator's Guide
<reference>	SQL Language Reference Manual
<reference>	SQL Loader User's Guide
<reference>	SQL*Plus User's Guide and Reference

Technical society and technical association specifications and standards are generally available for reference from libraries. They are also distributed among technical groups and using Federal Agencies.

### SECTION 3. ENGINEERING REQUIREMENTS

This section specifies the engineering requirements necessary to ensure proper development of the Data Management CSCI. All requirements included in this section are allocated from those defined in appendix C of the Functional Description (FD) referenced in the specifications of paragraph 2.1.

#### 3.1 CSCI External Interface Requirements

The Data Management CSCI interfaces with the Human Interface and Internal Processing CSCIs as well as the C Library. The following subparagraphs provide a general description of each interface.

3.1.1 Human Interface to Data Management (INT-1.001). This interface is used to invoke the capabilities of the Data Management CSCI. This interface enables the user to directly interact with MAGIC's Database Management System (DBMS).

This interface satisfies the following functional requirements:

- a. Use OSF/Motif to provide the graphical user interface (A.11)
- b. Identify the user's data file (B.1)
- c. Describe data records (B.2)
  - (1) FDT (B.2.a)
  - (2) Adding to the Index File (B.2.b)
  - (3) Augmenting an existing File (B.2.c)
    - (a) Extended fields (B.2.c.1)
    - (b) Global fields (B.2.c.2)
    - (c) Qualify fields (B.2.c.3)
    - (d) Specific field references (B.2.c.4)
- d. Identify any conditional expressions (B.3)
- e. Identify any arithmetic expressions (B.4)
- f. Modify data (B.6)
  - (1) In-line modification (B.6.a)
  - (2) User subroutine modification (B.6.b)

- (3) Record output table (B.6.c)
- (4) Field table (B.6.d)

- g. Manipulate data (B.7)

- (1) Modify QDT (B.7.a)
- (2) Add new fields (B.7.b)
- (3) Sort QDF (B.7.c)
- (4) Qualify data (B.7.d)
- (5) Field table QDF (B.7.e)
- (6) Field table qualify (B.7.f)
- (7) Field table call (B.7.g)

- h. Populate a database or a data file (B.8).

3.1.2 Data Management to C Library (INT-2.001). This interface establishes the connection between the C Library and the Data Management CSCI. This interface is used to perform standard input/output operations, access math library functions, use memory allocation operations, and to launch Commercial Off-The-Shelf (COTS) packages.

This interface satisfies the following functional requirements:

- a. Describe data records (B.2)
  - (1) FDT (B.2.a)
  - (2) Adding to the Index File (B.2.b)
  - (3) Augmenting an existing File (B.2.c)
    - (a) Extended fields (B.2.c.1)
    - (b) Global fields (B.2.c.2)
    - (c) Qualify fields (B.2.c.3)
    - (d) Specific field references (B.2.c.4)
- b. Identify any conditional expressions (B.3)
- c. Identify any arithmetic expressions (B.4)

- d. Retrieve data (B.5)
- e. Modify data (B.6)
  - (1) In-line modification (B.6.a)
  - (2) User subroutine modification (B.6.b)
  - (3) Record output table (B.6.c)
  - (4) Field table (B.6.d)
- f. Manipulate data (B.7)
  - (1) Modify QDT (B.7.a)
  - (2) Add new fields (B.7.b)
  - (3) Sort QDF (B.7.c)
  - (4) Qualify data (B.7.d)
  - (5) Field table QDF (B.7.e)
  - (6) Field table qualify (B.7.f)
  - (7) Field table call (B.7.g)
- g. Populate a database or a data file (B.8).

3.1.3 Data Management to Internal Processing (INT-2.002). This interface is used by the Data Management CSCI to access low-level and system-wide utilities and services resident in the Internal Processing CSCI (e.g., path name manipulation, string manipulation, and Unix system toolbox routines).

This interface satisfies the following functional requirements:

- a. Describe data records (B.2)
- b. FDT (B.2.a)
- c. Identify any conditional expressions (B.3)
- d. Identify any arithmetic expressions (B.4)
- e. Manipulate data (B.7)
  - (1) Add new fields (B.7.b)
  - (2) Qualify data (B.7.d)

- f. Populate a database or a data file (B.8)
- g. Perform file management (G.1)
- h. Control input/output operations (G.2)
- i. Convert the qualified data and its internal matrix version to Data Interchange Format (DIF) (G.4)
- j. Request operating system services (G.8)
- k. User control of operating environment attributes (G.12).

### 3.2 CSCI Capability Requirements

The following subparagraphs identify the capability requirements that the Data Management CSCI shall satisfy. The CSCI operates in two states--assisted or unassisted--which refer to whether or not a fully functional, graphical user interface (GUI) is being used. Each state also possesses two modes--local and remote. A correlation of the CSCI's capabilities to both states and their modes is depicted in table 3-1.

3.2.1 Data Description (CAP-2.1). This capability provides the means for a user to define and specify the structure of a database on the workstation. The method used to perform this capability will vary based on whether the user wishes to utilize local processing or communicate with the host.

For local processing, the user will specify columns, column name, column width, data type, and determine whether or not to permit "null" data to be stored there. The format of the database will be in compliance with the workstation-based Oracle COTS package that is being used for the underlying processing.

Describing a user's host-based data file merely requires the specification of the previously created File Descriptor Table (FDT) used for GIPSY processing on the host. If the FDT does not exist, the user may still define his/her host-based data file through a data entry screen that will accept GIPSY Process Control Statement (PCS) language statements for processing.

This capability satisfies the following functional requirements:

- a. Describe data records (B.2)
- b. FDT (B.2.a)
- c. Adding to the Index File (B.2.b)
- d. Augmenting an existing File (B.2.c)
  - (1) Extended fields (B.2.c.1)

Table 3-1. Mapping of States/Modes to Capabilities

---

STATE	MODE	CAP-2.1	CAP-2.2	CAP-2.3	CAP-2.4	CAP-2.5	CAP-2.6
ASSISTED	LOCAL	●	●	●	●	●	●
	REMOTE			●	●		
UNASSISTED	LOCAL	●	●	●	●	●	●
	REMOTE	●	●	●	●	●	●

---

- (2) Global fields (B.2.c.2)
- (3) Qualify fields (B.2.c.3)
- (4) Specific field references (B.2.c.4).

3.2.2 Database Population (CAP-2.2). This capability provides the means for a user to populate a defined database on the workstation or to create a data file on the host providing the user has appropriate permissions and file space on that platform. During the workstation-based population process, checks for data consistency, validity, and range will be performed interactively. For host-based file creations, similar checks cannot be performed until such time as the file is processed through normal GIPSY PCS operations.

This capability satisfies requirement B.8--Populate a database (on the workstation) or a data file (on the host).

3.2.3 Data Qualification (CAP-2.3). This capability provides the means for a user to qualify data to be retrieved from a database on the workstation or a data file on the host. For local processing, data qualification will be performed in compliance with the workstation-based Oracle COTS package that is being used for the underlying processing. For host-based processing, data qualification will be performed in compliance with GIPSY PCS language.

This capability satisfies the following functional requirements:

- a. Identify any conditional expressions (B.3)
- b. Identify any arithmetic expressions (B.4).

3.2.4 Data Retrieval (CAP-2.4). This capability provides the means for a user to retrieve data from a database on the workstation or a data file on the host. MAGIC will access Oracle-based processing services for workstation-resident databases and use the host-based GIPSY for data stored on that platform.

This capability satisfies requirement B.5--Retrieve data.

3.2.5 Data Modification (CAP-2.5). This capability provides the means for a user to modify data in a database on the workstation or a data file on the host. If the database resides on the workstation, data modification will be supported through editing facilities in MAGIC and implemented in compliance with the workstation-based Oracle COTS package. For host-based data files, modifications can be accomplished in-line, or by use of a user subroutine with field tables through GIPSY-supported processing. It can also be modified at the field level via the field table or record level via the record output table.

This capability satisfies the following functional requirements:

- a. Modify data (B.6)
- b. In-line modification (B.6.a)
- c. User subroutine modification (B.6.b)
- d. Record output table (B.6.c)
- e. Field table (B.6.d).

3.2.6 Data Manipulation (CAP-2.6). This capability provides the means for a user to manipulate data in a database on the workstation or a data file on the host. Data manipulation is performed by altering, re-qualifying, sorting or resorting the data. If processing is performed on the workstation, data manipulation will be performed in compliance with the workstation-based Oracle COTS package. On the host, data manipulation is performed in compliance with GIPSY PCS language.

This capability satisfies the following functional requirements:

- a. Manipulate data (B.7)
- b. Modify QDT (B.7.a)
- c. Add new fields (B.7.b)
- d. Sort QDF (B.7.c)
- e. Qualify data (B.7.d)
- f. Field table QDF (B.7.e)
- g. Field table qualify (B.7.f)
- h. Field table call (B.7.g).

### 3.3 CSCI Internal Interfaces

The following subparagraphs provide a description of the internal interfaces of the Data Management CSCI.

3.3.1 Database Population to Data Description (RIN-2.001). This interface is used by Database Population (CAP-2.2) to access a defined database on the workstation or an FDT on the host that was described in Data Description (CAP-2.1). Access is needed to perform database population functions.

This internal interface satisfies the following functional requirements:

- a. Describe data records (B.2)

- (1) FDT (B.2.a)
- (2) Adding to the Index File (B.2.b)
- (3) Augmenting an existing File (B.2.c)
  - (a) Extended fields (B.2.c.1)
  - (b) Global fields (B.2.c.2)
  - (c) Qualify fields (B.2.c.3)
  - (d) Specific field references (B.2.c.4)
- b. Populate a database (on the workstation) or a data file (on the host) (B.8).

3.3.2 Data Retrieval to Data Qualification (RIN-2.002). This interface is used by Data Retrieval (CAP-2.4) to access qualified data from Data Qualification (CAP-2.3). Access is needed to retrieve only that data that satisfies the user's qualifications.

This internal interface satisfies the following functional requirements:

- a. Identify any conditional expressions (B.3)
- b. Identify any arithmetic expressions (B.4)
- c. Retrieve data (B.5).

3.3.3 Data Retrieval to Data Modification (RIN-2.003). This interface is used by Data Retrieval (CAP-2.4) to access modified data from Data Modification (CAP-2.5). Access is needed to retrieve only that data that satisfies the user's requirements.

This internal interface satisfies the following functional requirements:

- a. Retrieve data (B.5)
- b. Modify data (B.6)
  - (1) In-line modification (B.6.a)
  - (2) User subroutine modification (B.6.b)
  - (3) Record output table (B.6.c)
  - (4) Field table (B.6.d).

3.3.4 Data Retrieval to Data Manipulation (RIN-2.004). This interface is used by Data Retrieval (CAP-2.4) to access manipulated data from Data Manipulation (CAP-2.6). Access is needed to retrieve only that data that satisfies the user's request.

This internal interface satisfies the following functional requirements:

- a. Retrieve data (B.5)
- b. Manipulate data (B.7)
  - (1) Modify QDT (B.7.a)
  - (2) Add new fields (B.7.b)
  - (3) Sort QDF (B.7.c)
  - (4) Qualify data (B.7.d)
  - (5) Field table QDF (B.7.e)
  - (6) Field table qualify (B.7.f)
  - (7) Field table call (B.7.g).

#### 3.4 CSCI Data Element Requirements

No internal or external data elements have been identified for this CSCI.

#### 3.5 Adaptation Requirements

The following subparagraphs specify the requirements for adapting this CSCI to site-unique conditions and to changes in the system environment.

3.5.1 Installation-Dependent Data. There are no specific installation-dependent data requirements needed for adapting this CSCI to site-unique conditions or to changes in the system environment.

3.5.2 Operational Parameters. There are no specific operational parameters needed for adapting this CSCI to site-unique conditions or to changes in the system environment.

#### 3.6 Sizing and Timing Requirements

Sizing requirements pertinent to this CSCI are:

- a. A minimum of 8 megabytes (Mb) of Random Access Memory (RAM) shall be required to execute MAGIC.
- b. A minimum of 2 Mb of free disk space shall be required to execute

MAGIC.

- c. A minimum of 16 Mb of swap space shall be required to execute MAGIC.

Timing requirements pertinent to this CSCI are twofold:

- a. MAGIC's response to a user's mouse click or a keystroke for a menu or dialog box shall be within a 5-second timeframe.
- b. If the user's input choice requires MAGIC to interface with a COTS package (either launching or processing), system response shall be within a 5-second timeframe. In other words, the user must either receive some sort of acknowledgment that processing is going on or obtain the end result of their selection.

### 3.7 Safety Requirements

This CSCI is a software product and is intended for use in an office environment. As such, there are no applicable requirements regarding potential hazards to personnel, property, and the physical environment.

### 3.8 Security Requirements

MAGIC is released as an unclassified system and all system files released with it are unclassified. However, MAGIC's features may be used to analyze and present classified information from classified databases. Under these circumstances, MAGIC shall provide the facilities to properly label the screen images and the hardcopy reports, but it is and will remain the user's responsibility to safeguard any and all classified information. MAGIC cannot grant access to classified databases unless the user has permission and access to those files.

Security requirements for all hardware suites and configurations capable of executing MAGIC shall remain the same as required for other operational considerations pertinent and applicable to that equipment and environment. Furthermore, the safeguarding of privacy act information also remains the user's responsibility.

Additional requirements regarding integrity requirements are specified in subparagraph 3.10.4 of this specification.

### 3.9 Design Constraints

This CSCI will be developed in accordance with the standards identified in the Software Standards and Procedures Manual (SSPM). MAGIC has very few design constraints due to its utilization of ANSI C, X Windows, and Open Software Foundation (OSF)/Motif in functional processing:

- a. Due to usage of the Oracle COTS package for database management processing, MAGIC is constrained to those data types and parameters

supported by Oracle's SQL\*Loader package.

- b. Specific tables stored in the Oracle database (on the workstation) as well as specific data files resident on the WWMCCS host are accessible only to the MAGIC user who has created them (or to one who has been given permissions to them by the owner).
- c. Usage of the host-based GIPSY system will introduce a number of limitations that do not apply to a MAGIC user utilizing workstation-based data. Specifically, not all of Oracle's capabilities supported by MAGIC in local mode can be supported by MAGIC's interface to GIPSY due to inherent differences between the two systems (Oracle and GIPSY). The user must be at least somewhat aware of GIPSY concepts and terminology which is different (e.g., File Descriptor Table (FDT) and Index File) and not all functionality can be supported (e.g., very limited Oracle GROUP functionality).
- d. Usage of a modem for host access will have definitive impacts related to both how and how fast MAGIC can access the host, retrieve the data, and make it available to the MAGIC user on the workstation. Some software developed for the modem will be modem-specific and some will be inapplicable when MAGIC is transitioned to a direct host communications connection. The processing speed by which MAGIC users can receive response from the host and obtain their data is directly linked to modem speed (currently 2400 baud) and access availability (via Defender).
- e. Target workstation hardware and operating system specifics are still changing at the time of writing this SRS. Since a prototype is being developed on a Sun Scalable Processor Architecture (SPARC) station and the target is presumed to be the Macintosh IIfx, the design is limited to those aspects common across the platforms wherever possible.
- f. The utilization of the Wingz COTS package to perform nearly all business graphics-related processing introduces several design constraints. Currently, nearly all of the constraints noted below arise from the fact that MAGIC is being developed on the Sun SPARCstation and the Wingz version (Version 1.0) for the Sun platform was designed for execution in the SunView environment. Since MAGIC has been designed for the X Windows environment, a method was found that permits the execution of Wingz under the X11/NeWS server with the following design constraints:
  - (1) The "look and feel" of Wingz is not consistent with MAGIC's Motif-based "look and feel."
  - (2) The help text available with Wingz (in Version 1.0) cannot be modified.

- (3) The menu bar title cannot be modified.
- (4) The proper import of data into Wingz can be guaranteed only by using an assisted query.
- (5) Curve graphs, Gantt charts, and histograms are not directly supported by Wingz
- (6) Wingz requires a PostScript-capable printer or Hewlett-Packard Graphic Language (HPGL) plotter to print.
- (7) The experimental interface to the X11/NeWS server may cause unpredictable results.
- (8) The code generated to support both the X11/NeWS server execution method may not be portable to other environments.

### **3.10 Software Quality Factors**

The following subparagraphs specify the software quality factors or "fitness for use" characteristics that are required for the Data Management CSCI. They are divided into 11 categories: correctness, reliability, efficiency, integrity, usability, maintainability, testability, flexibility, portability, reusability, and interoperability.

**3.10.1 Correctness Requirements**. The requirements contained in this subparagraph specify the extent to which the CSCI is expected to satisfy its specifications and fulfill the user's mission objectives. The correctness requirements are:

- a. The software shall be traceable. The functionality of the CSCI must possess a clear linkage from the requirements to the implementation with respect to the specific development and operational environment.
- b. The software shall be consistent. The contractor is required to provide uniform design and implementation of techniques and notation.
- c. The software shall be complete. The functionality of the CSCI must provide a full implementation of the functions required.

**3.10.2 Reliability Requirements**. The requirements contained in this subparagraph specify the extent to which the CSCI is expected to perform its intended functions with required precision. The reliability requirements are:

- a. The error tolerance of the software shall be 2 percent. The CSCI is required to provide continuity of operation at least 98 percent of the time.
- b. The software shall be consistent. The contractor is required to provide uniform design and implementation of techniques and notation.

- c. The software shall be accurate. The software must provide the user's required precision in calculations and outputs within the limitations of the Oracle COTS package.
- d. The software shall be simplistic. The functions of the CSCI must be implemented in a most understandable manner and avoid those coding/implementation practices that increase complexity.

3.10.3 Efficiency Requirements. The requirements contained in this subparagraph specify the amount of computing resources and code required by the CSCI to perform its functions. The efficiency requirements are:

- a. The execution efficiency of the software shall be in accordance with the timing requirements of paragraph 3.6.
- b. The storage efficiency of the software shall be in accordance with the sizing requirements of paragraph 3.6.

3.10.4 Integrity Requirements. The requirements contained in this subparagraph specify the extent to which access to the CSCI's software or data by unauthorized persons should be controlled. The integrity requirements are:

- a. The CSCI shall be access controlled. However, due to the nature of MAGIC's design, access control functions are provided by the Human Interface CSCI (refer to Volume I of this SRS).
- b. The software shall be access auditable. Some methodology must be provided for an audit of the access of both software and data.

3.10.5 Usability Requirements. The requirements contained in this subparagraph specify the effort required to learn, operate, prepare, input, and interpret the output of this CSCI. The usability requirements are:

- a. Training for the use of this CSCI shall be provided as required through normal User Support activities which include functional demonstrations. Formal training is not required at this time due to the requirements for user-friendliness and usability satisfied by the Human Interface CSCI (refer to Volume I of this SRS).
- b. The software shall be communicative and provide useful inputs and outputs which can be assimilated by the user. Although much of this requirement will be met by the functionality of the Human Interface CSCI (refer to Volume I of this SRS), the software of this CSCI must also be communicative wherever appropriate.
- c. The software shall be operable. A smooth transition from current GIPSY operations as well as initial familiarizations with the Unix-based workstation must be provided wherever appropriate.

3.10.6 Maintainability Requirements. The requirements contained in this subparagraph specify the effort required to locate and fix an error in the operational software. The maintainability requirements are:

- a. The software shall be consistent. The contractor is required to provide uniform design and implementation of techniques and notation.
- b. The software shall be simplistic. The functions of the CSCI must be implemented in a most understandable manner and avoid those coding/implementation practices that increase complexity.
- c. The software shall be concise. Functions must be implemented with a minimum amount of code.
- d. The software shall be modular. The modularity of the CSCI shall be designed and implemented using four major attributes:
  - (a) Cohesiveness refers to the functional strength of a module, or how single-minded a module is. The modules shall strive for high cohesion (functional) wherever possible although mid-range cohesion is acceptable. The seven types of module cohesion are:
    - (1) Coincidental cohesion (WORST)
    - (2) Logical cohesion
    - (3) Temporal cohesion
    - (4) Procedural cohesion
    - (5) Communicational cohesion
    - (6) Informational cohesion
    - (7) Functional cohesion (BEST).
  - (b) Coupling refers to the interdependence of modules (i.e., how they communicate with each other). Of the six types of coupling, modules shall strive to employ data coupling wherever possible. The types of module coupling are:
    - (1) Content coupling (WORST)
    - (2) Common Coupling
    - (3) External Coupling
    - (4) Control Coupling
    - (5) Stamp Coupling

(6) Data Coupling (BEST).

- (c) Complexity refers to the logical or control flow complexity of any given module. Modules shall be designed with low complexity since they will be easier to test and maintain:
  - (1) The cyclomatic complexity of a module shall be kept within 10 as determined by McCabe's Cyclomatic Complexity Metric.
  - (2) The size of any module shall be no more than 200 lines of executable code.
- (d) Structure refers to whether or not a program is structured. Modules shall be designed in a structured manner to enhance maintainability as determined by the principles of essential complexity and program "knots":
  - (1) The essential complexity of a module shall be 1.
  - (2) Modules shall have 0 "knots." Knots are those places in a program where the control path crosses another.
- e. The software shall be self-descriptive. The software must contain sufficient comments to provide explanation of the implementation of a function.
- f. The software shall be traceable. The functionality of the CSCI must possess a clear linkage from the requirements to the implementation with respect to the specific development and operational environment.

3.10.7 Testability Requirements. The requirements contained in this subparagraph specify the effort required to test the CSCI to ensure that it performs its intended function. The testability requirements are:

- a. The software shall be simplistic. The functions of the CSCI must be implemented in a most understandable manner and avoid those coding/implementation practices that increase complexity.
- b. The software shall be modular. The CSCI must satisfy the requirements of modularity specified in subparagraph 3.10.6 above.
- c. The software shall support instrumentation. All paths must be testable and all input parameters must be boundary testable (as defined in the SQPP).
- d. The software shall be self-descriptive. The software must contain sufficient comments to provide explanation of the implementation of a function.

3.10.8 Flexibility Requirements. The requirements contained in this subparagraph specify the effort required to modify operational software. The flexibility requirements are:

- a. The software shall be modular. The CSCI must satisfy the requirements of modularity specified in subparagraph 3.10.6 above.
- b. The software shall be general. The software should not have input, processing, and output functions mixed in the same modules; all constants should be defined only once; and application and machine-dependent functions should not be mixed in the same modules.
- c. The software shall be expandable. The CSCI must perform logical processing independent of data storage specifications (not commit all available memory capacity) and be extensible in terms of computational functions.
- d. The software shall be self-descriptive. The software must contain sufficient comments to provide explanation of the implementation of a function.

3.10.9 Portability Requirements. The requirements contained in this subparagraph specify the effort required to transfer the CSCI from one hardware configuration and/or software system environment to another. The portability requirements are:

- a. The software shall be modular. The CSCI must satisfy the requirements of modularity specified in subparagraph 3.10.6 above.
- b. The software shall be self-descriptive. The software must contain sufficient comments to provide explanation of the implementation of a function.
- c. The software shall be machine-independent. The ANSI C code used should be independent of word and character size and the data representation should also be machine-independent. Wherever possible, modules should be free of input/output references.
- d. The software shall be as software system-independent as possible. The CSCI shall utilize only a common, standard subset of ANSI C and should limit dependence on software system utilities and software system library routines wherever possible. If at all possible, there should be no operating system references.

3.10.10 Reusability Requirements. The requirements contained in this subparagraph specify the extent to which the programs of the CSCI can be used in other applications (related to the packaging and scope of the functions that the programs perform). The reusability requirements are:

- a. The software shall be general. The software should not have input,

processing, and output functions mixed in the same modules; all constants should be defined only once; and application and machine-dependent functions should not be mixed in the same modules.

- b. The software shall be modular. The CSCI must satisfy the requirements of modularity specified in subparagraph 3.10.6 above.
- c. The software shall be as software system-independent as possible. The CSCI shall utilize only a common, standard subset of ANSI C and should limit dependence on software system utilities and software system library routines wherever possible. If at all possible, there should be no operating system references.
- d. The software shall be machine-independent. The ANSI C code used should be independent of word and character size and the data representation should also be machine-independent. Wherever possible, modules should be free of input/output references.
- e. The software shall be self-descriptive. The software must contain sufficient comments to provide explanation of the implementation of a function.

3.10.11 Interoperability Requirements. The requirements contained in this subparagraph specify the effort required to couple this MAGIC CSCI with another system. The interoperability requirements are:

- a. The software shall be modular. The CSCI must satisfy the requirements of modularity specified in subparagraph 3.10.6 above.
- b. The software shall utilize communications commonality wherever appropriate. It is recognized that this requirement will be satisfied primarily by the Internal Processing CSCI (refer to Volume VII of this SRS).
- c. The software shall utilize data commonality. The CSCI should use a single module to perform any data translations and standard data representations should be used.

### 3.11 Human Performance/Human Engineering Requirements

Issues related to human performance and human engineering concerns have been noted and discussed previously in subparagraph 3.10.5 of this specification.

Operational issues are concerned with the hardware and software support environments required for the user. A brief summation of the user's operational needs would include the following:

- a. Access to a Unix-based color graphics workstation that has the Oracle Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) installed on it.

b. Access to auxiliary devices such as dot matrix printers, Postscript-capable laser printers, floppy disk drives (1.44 Mb), external tape backup units, and external mass storage devices.

c. Access to the WWMCCS host via xterm on the workstation.

Human error is a final issue related to human engineering requirements. Once Data Management has been initiated, errors will be captured by this CSCI's error handling facilities. Error handling will be provided via the Human Interface CSCI (Volume I of this SRS).

### 3.12 Requirements Traceability

A mapping of the engineering requirements in this specification to the functional requirements applicable to this CSCI in the FD is provided in table 3-2. A mapping of the allocation of the CSCI requirements from the FD to the engineering requirements in this specification is provided as table 3-3.

Table 3-2. Mapping of Applicable Requirements to the FD (Part 1 of 6)

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS /	A.11	B.1	B.2	B.2.a	B.2.b	B.2.c	B.2.c.1	B.2.c.2	B.2.c.3	B.2.c.4
ENGINEERING REQUIREMENTS										
INT-1.001	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
INT-2.001			●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
INT-2.002			●	●						
CAP-2.1			●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
CAP-2.2										
CAP-2.3										
CAP-2.4										
CAP-2.5										
CAP-2.6										
RIN-2.001			●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
RIN-2.002										
RIN-2.003										
RIN-2.004										

Table 3-2. Mapping of Applicable Requirements to the FD (Part 2 of 6)

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS	B.3	B.4	B.5	B.6	B.6.a	B.6.b	B.6.c	B.6.d	B.7	B.7.a
ENGINEERING REQUIREMENTS										
INT-1.001	●	●		●	●	●	●	●	●	●
INT-2.001	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
INT-2.002	●	●							●	
CAP-2.1										
CAP-2.2										
CAP-2.3	●	●								
CAP-2.4			●							
CAP-2.5				●	●	●	●	●		
CAP-2.6									●	●
RIN-2.001										
RIN-2.002	●	●	●							
RIN-2.003				●	●	●	●	●		
RIN-2.004				●					●	●

Table 3-2. Mapping of Applicable Requirements to the FD (Part 3 of 6)

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS	B.7.b	B.7.c	B.7.d	B.7.e	B.7.f	B.7.g	B.8	G.1	G.2	G.4	G.8	G.12
ENGINEERING REQUIREMENTS												
INT-1.001	●	●	●	●	●	●	●					
INT-2.001	●	●	●	●	●	●	●					
INT-2.002	●		●				●	●	●	●	●	●
CAP-2.1												
CAP-2.2							●					
CAP-2.3												
CAP-2.4												
CAP-2.5												
CAP-2.6	●	●	●	●	●	●						
RIN-2.001							●					
RIN-2.002												
RIN-2.003												
RIN-2.004	●	●	●	●	●	●						

Table 3-2. Mapping of Applicable Requirements to the FD (Part 4 of 6)

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS	A.11	B.1	B.2	B.2.a	B.2.b	B.2.c	B.2.c.1	B.2.c.2	B.2.c.3	B.2.c.4
ENGINEERING REQUIREMENTS										
SIZING	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
TIMING	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
DESIGN CONSTRAINTS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
CORRECTNESS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
RELIABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
EFFICIENCY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
INTEGRITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
USABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
MAINTAINABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
TESTABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
FLEXIBILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
PORTABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
REUSABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
INTEROPERABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●

Table 3-2. Mapping of Applicable Requirements to the FD (Part 5 of 6)

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS	B.3	B.4	B.5	B.6	B.6.a	B.6.b	B.6.c	B.6.d	B.7	B.7.a
ENGINEERING REQUIREMENTS										
SIZING	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
TIMING	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
DESIGN CONSTRAINTS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
CORRECTNESS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
RELIABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
EFFICIENCY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
INTEGRITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
USABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
MAINTAINABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
TESTABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
FLEXIBILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
PORTABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
REUSABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
INTEROPERABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●

Table 3-2. Mapping of Applicable Requirements to the FD (Part 6 of 6)

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS	B.7.b	B.7.c	B.7.d	B.7.e	B.7.f	B.7.g	B.8	G.1	G.2	G.4	G.8	G.12
ENGINEERING REQUIREMENTS												
SIZING	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
TIMING	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
DESIGN CONSTRAINTS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
CORRECTNESS	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
RELIABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
EFFICIENCY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
INTEGRITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
USABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
Maintainability	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
TESTABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
FLEXIBILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
PORTABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
REUSABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
INTEROPERABILITY	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●

Table 3-3. Allocation of Applicable FD Requirements to the SRS  
(Part 1 of 4)

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS \ ENGINEERING REQUIREMENTS	INT-1-001	INT-2-001	INT-2-002	CAP-2-1	CAP-2-2	CAP-2-3	CAP-2-4	CAP-2-5	CAP-2-6	RIN-2-001	RIN-2-002	RIN-2-003	RIN-2-004
A. 11	●												
B. 1	●												
B. 2	●	●	●	●	●					●			
B. 2.a	●	●	●	●	●					●			
B. 2.b	●	●			●					●			
B. 2.c	●	●			●					●			
B. 2.c.1	●	●			●					●			
B. 2.c.2	●	●			●					●			
B. 2.c.3	●	●			●					●			
B. 2.c.4	●	●			●					●			
B. 3	●	●	●			●					●		
B. 4	●	●	●			●					●		
B. 5		●					●				●	●	●
B. 6	●	●						●				●	
B. 6.a	●	●						●				●	
B. 6.b	●	●						●				●	

Table 3-3. Allocation of Applicable FD Requirements to the SRS  
 (Part 2 of 4)

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS	ENGINEERING REQUIREMENTS												
	INT-1-001	INT-2-001	INT-2-002	CAP-2-1	CAP-2-2	CAP-2-3	CAP-2-4	CAP-2-5	CAP-2-6	RIN-2-001	RIN-2-002	RIN-2-003	RIN-2-004
B.6.c	●	●						●					
B.6.d	●	●						●			●		
B.7	●	●	●						●				●
B.7.a	●	●							●				●
B.7.b	●	●	●						●				●
B.7.c	●	●							●				●
B.7.d	●	●	●						●				●
B.7.e	●	●							●				●
B.7.f	●	●							●				●
B.7.g	●	●							●				●
B.8	●	●	●		●					●			
G.1			●										
G.2			●										
G.4			●										
G.8			●										
G.12			●										

Table 3-3. Allocation of Applicable FD Requirements to the SRS  
(Part 3 of 4)

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS \ ENGINEERING REQUIREMENTS	SIZING	TIMING	DESIGN CONSTRAINTS	CORRECTNESS	RELIABILITY	EFFICIENCY	INTEGRITY	USABILITY	MAINTAINABILITY	TESTABILITY	FLEXIBILITY	PORTABILITY	REUSABILITY	INTEROPERABILITY
A. 11	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B. 1	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B. 2	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B. 2.a	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B. 2.b	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B. 2.c	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B. 2.c.1	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B. 2.c.2	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B. 2.c.3	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B. 2.c.4	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B. 3	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B. 4	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B. 5	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B. 6	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B. 6.a	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B. 6.b	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●

Table 3-3. Allocation of Applicable FD Requirements to the SRS  
(Part 4 of 4)

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS	SIZING	TIMING	DESIGN CONSTRAINTS	CORRECTNESS	RELIABILITY	EFFICIENCY	INTEGRITY	USABILITY	Maintainability	TESTABILITY	FLEXIBILITY	PORTABILITY	REUSABILITY	INTEROPERABILITY
B.6.c	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B.6.d	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B.7	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B.7.a	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B.7.b	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B.7.c	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B.7.d	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B.7.e	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B.7.f	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B.7.g	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
B.8	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
G.1	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
G.2	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
G.4	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
G.8	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●
G.12	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●

## SECTION 4. QUALIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

This section specifies the qualification methods to be used to ensure that the CSCI requirements of sections 3 and 5 have been satisfied.

### 4.1 Qualification Methods

This paragraph discusses the qualification methods to be used to ensure that all requirements of the Data Management CSCI have been satisfied. The methods utilized shall satisfy the requirements described in the Software Quality Program Plan (SQPP) and in section 5 (Formal Qualification Testing) of the Software Development Plan (SDP). The specific methods to be utilized are as follows and a qualification cross-reference table appears as table 4-1:

- a. Demonstration - the use of stubs and drivers to permit the functional operation of specific program unit(s) to ensure that the function to be performed is done so correctly.
- b. Test - the execution of specific program unit(s) utilizing test data to ensure that the algorithmic logic performs correctly, in accordance with established test procedures.
- c. Analysis - the verification and interpretation of the results obtained from the various methods described in this paragraph whereby the Quality Assurance (QA) Manager shall analyze the accumulated results to ensure that quality assurance standards are maintained.
- d. Inspection - the visual review of source code and documentation to ensure that both coding standards and documentation guidelines are followed.
- e. Reviews - the use of In-Process Reviews (IPRs), Initial Operational Capability (IOC), and Final Operational Capability (FOC) reviews to ensure that software development fulfills the defined requirements.

### 4.2 Special Qualification Requirements

No special qualification requirements are applicable for this CSCI.

Table 4-1. Qualification Cross-Reference Table

REQUIREMENT NAME	CM IDENTIFIER	SECTION 3 PARAGRAPH	QUALIFICATION METHODS*	LEVEL**
Data Description	CAP-2.1	3.2.1	A,D,I,R,T	1,2
Database Population	CAP-2.2	3.2.2	A,D,I,R,T	1,2
Data Qualification	CAP-2.3	3.2.3	A,D,I,R,T	1,2
Data Retrieval	CAP-2.4	3.2.4	A,D,I,R,T	1,2
Data Modification	CAP-2.5	3.2.5	A,D,I,R,T	1,2
Data Manipulation	CAP-2.6	3.2.6	A,D,I,F,T	1,2

\* Qualification Method

A - Analysis  
D - Demonstration  
I - Inspection  
R - Reviews  
T - Test

\*\* Qualification Level

1 - Configuration Item  
2 - System Integration  
3 - System Installation

## SECTION 5. PREPARATION FOR DELIVERY

The Data Management CSCI (CSCI-2) shall consist of all completed FOCs integrated into an operational system along with any corrected deficiencies. The preparation of the CSCI for delivery shall include, but not be limited to, the following (on a Sun workstation):

- a. Recompile and relink all source code and create object and executable files
- b. Provide necessary documentation to support the CSCI
- c. Provide magnetic media (1.44 Mb disks or 1/4" tapes) copies of both source code and executable files in support of the CSCI
- d. Provide a list of all known deficiencies
- e. Provide a listing of all source programs involved in the preparation of the CSCI.

Documentation to be delivered with the CSCI includes the Software Development Folders (SDFs) for the CSCI and a Version Description Document (VDD). Furthermore, that portion of a Software Release Bulletin (SRB) appropriate to the CSCI shall also be produced and delivered.

The release media is UNCLASSIFIED and shall be accompanied by a delivery letter.

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## SECTION 6. NOTES

This section contains information of general interest that aids in understanding this specification. Specifically, document references to include both source and issue date are provided as well as a terms and abbreviations paragraph.

### 6.1 Document References

The following references were used in the preparation of this specification:

- a. American National Standards Institute (ANSI), Programming Language C, ANSI X3.159-1989, New York, NY, 16 December 1989
- b. Department of Defense (DOD), Defense System Software Development, Department of Defense Standard, DOD-STD-2167A, Washington, D.C., 29 February 1988
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## 6.2 Terms and Abbreviations

The following terms, abbreviations, and acronyms specific to this document are listed below:

ADP -----	Automated Data Processing
Allocated	
Baseline -----	The initially approved documentation describing an item's functional and interface characteristics that are allocated from those of a higher level CI; specified by MIL-STD-480B
ANSI -----	American National Standards Institute
ASCII -----	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
AT&T -----	American Telephone and Telegraph, Incorporated
C -----	The C programming language as specified by ANSI Standard X3.159-1989
CAP -----	Configuration identifier prefix used to designate a capability
CI -----	Configuration Item
COTS -----	Commercial Off-The-Shelf
CSCI -----	Computer Software Configuration Item
Cyclomatic	
Complexity -----	A software metric that provides a quantitative measure of the logical complexity of a program
DCA -----	Defense Communications Agency
DI -----	Data Item
DID -----	Data Item Description
DIF -----	Data Interchange Format
DOD -----	Department of Defense
DOD-STD -----	Department of Defense Standard
DTIC -----	Defense Technical Information Center
FD -----	Functional Description as specified by DID # DI-IPSC-80689 of DOD-STD-7935A
FDT -----	GIPSY's File Descriptor Table
FOC -----	Final Operational Capability
GIPSY -----	Graphic Information Presentation System
GUI -----	Graphical User Interface
HPGL -----	Hewlett-Packard Graphic Language
H6000 -----	Honeywell 6080 mainframe computer standard at all WWMCCS sites
Index File -----	GIPSY's file used to enhance retrieval speeds against large, host-based ISP data files
INT -----	Configuration identifier prefix used to designate an external interface
IOC -----	Initial Operational Capability
IPR -----	In-Process Review
IPSC -----	Information Processing Standards for Computers

IRS ----- Interface Requirements Specification as specified by DID # DI-MCCR-80026A of DOD-STD-2167A  
ISP ----- Indexed-Sequential Processor  
JDSSC ----- Joint Data Systems Support Center  
JN ----- NMCS ADP Directorate  
JNG ----- General Applications Division  
JNGG ----- Information Systems Branch; the OPR for MAGIC development  
JTSA-P ----- Administrative Control Branch; Pentagon Technical Resource Center, Room MF612A  
MAGIC ----- Mapping and Graphic Information Capability  
Mb ----- Megabyte; 1,024,000 bytes of data  
MCCR ----- Mission-Critical Computer Resources  
MIL-STD ----- Military Standard  
MIT ----- Massachusetts Institute of Technology  
Module ----- In the MAGIC environment, a C language function  
Motif ----- A user interface toolkit built on the X Window System and marketed by the Open Software Foundation  
NMCS ----- National Military Command System  
NTIS ----- National Technical Information Service; formerly the National Bureau of Standards  
OPR ----- Office of Primary Responsibility  
OSF ----- Open Software Foundation  
PCS ----- GIPSY's Process Control Statement  
PM ----- Procedures Manual  
QA ----- Quality Assurance  
QDF ----- GIPSY's Qualified Data File  
QDT ----- GIPSY's Qualified Data Table  
RAM ----- Random Access Memory  
Rational ----- The R1000 Ada language-based development platform manufactured and sold by Rational Corporation  
RDBMS ----- Relational Database Management System  
RIN ----- Configuration identifier prefix used to designate an internal interface requirement  
SDF ----- Software Development Folder  
SDP ----- Software Development Plan as specified in DID # DI-MCCR-80030A of DOD-STD-2167A  
SPARC ----- Scalable Processor Architecture marketed by Sun Microsystems, Incorporated  
SQL ----- Structured Query Language as defined in ANSI X3.135-1986  
SQPP ----- Software Quality Program Plan as specified in DID # DI-QCIC-80572 of DOD-STD-2168  
SRB ----- Software Release Bulletin  
SRS ----- Software Requirements Specification as specified by DID # DI-MCCR-80025A of DOD-STD-2167A  
SSPM ----- Software Standards and Procedures Manual as specified by DID # DI-MCCR-80011 of DOD-STD-2167  
TM ----- Technical Memorandum as specified by JDSSC PM 1-90  
Unix ----- A multi-tasking operating system from AT&T that runs on a wide variety of computer systems from micro to mainframe  
VDD ----- Version Description Document as specified by DID #

DI-MCCR-80013A of DOD-STD-2167A

WWMCCS ----- Worldwide Military Command and Control System

X Windows ----- A device-independent and network-transparent windowing  
protocol for graphics workstations developed at MIT and  
copyrighted in 1984

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# REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved  
OMB No. 0704-0188

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0704-0188), Washington, DC 20503.

1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank)	2. REPORT DATE	3. REPORT TYPE AND DATES COVERED		
	1 December 1990	Software Requirements Specification		
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE		5. FUNDING NUMBERS		
Software Requirements Specification for the Mapping and Graphic Information Capability (MAGIC) Volume II - Data Management CSCI				
6. AUTHOR(S)				
David W. Hall and D. Rene' Cozad				
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)		8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER		
Joint Data Systems Support Center (JDSSC) Room BF670C, The Pentagon Washington, D.C. 20301-7010		SRS 1-90		
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)		10. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY REPORT NUMBER		
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES				
12a. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT		12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE		
13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words)				
<p>This Software Requirements Specification (SRS) specifies the engineering and qualification requirements for the Data Management CSCI of the Mapping and Graphic Information Capability (MAGIC). Furthermore, this specification will be used as the basis for the design and formal testing of that CSCI.</p> <p>The SRS is divided into three major sections. These sections cover Engineering Requirements (Section 3), Qualification Requirements (Section 4), and Preparation for Delivery (Section 5).</p>				
14. SUBJECT TERMS		15. NUMBER OF PAGES		
N/A		48		
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF REPORT		18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE	19. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF ABSTRACT	20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT
Unclassified		Unclassified	Unclassified	None